YPES-15-080

Handling Manual for 2.3 II Connector

Note)

This Handling Manual is subject to change without any prior notice. Please ask us for the latest version as necessary.

YAZAKI CORPORATION YAZAKI PARTS Co., Ltd. REVISION DATE Jul. 30. 2021 Thank you for using our product.

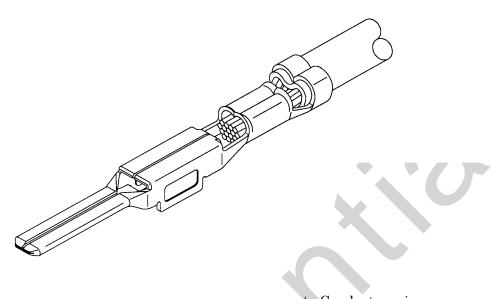
This handling manual specifies the minimum requirements on using this product. Please always observe all of these requirements when you handle this part. We shall not be liable for any damage resulting from misuse or failure to follow this handling manual.

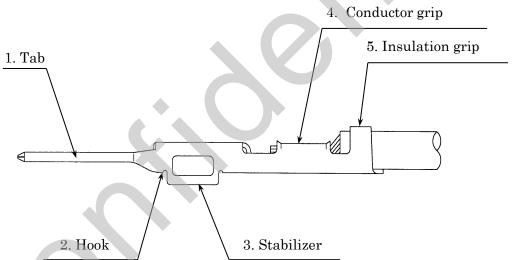
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1. Part names and functions

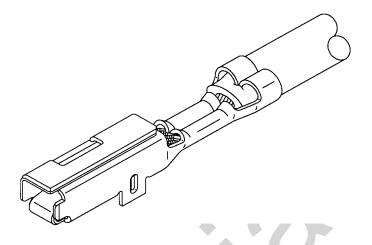
1-1. Male terminal

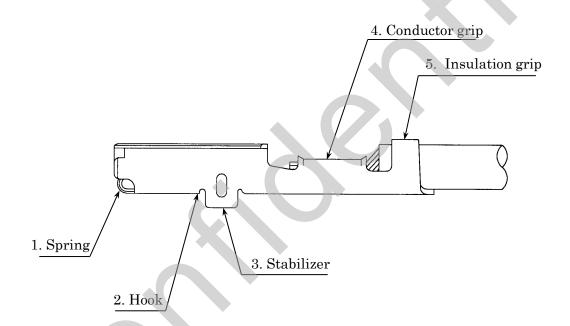




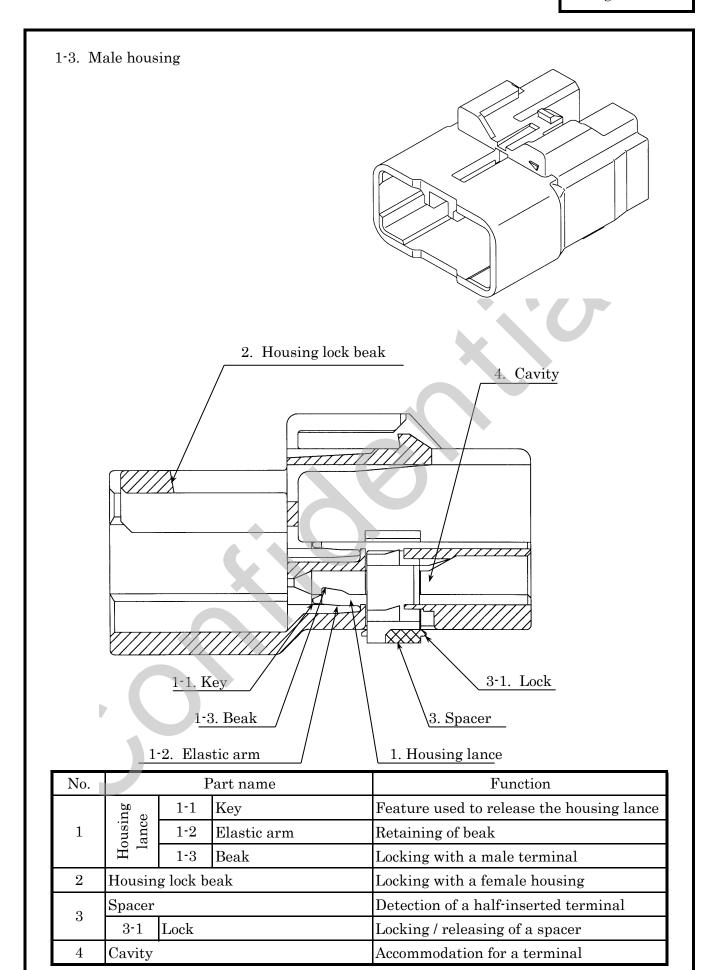
No.	Part name	Function
1	Tab	Contact with a female terminal
2	Hook	Locking with a male housing
3	Stabilizer	Prevent a terminal from being inserted improperly
4	Conductor grip	Crimping on a conductor
5	Insulation grip	Crimping on wire insulation

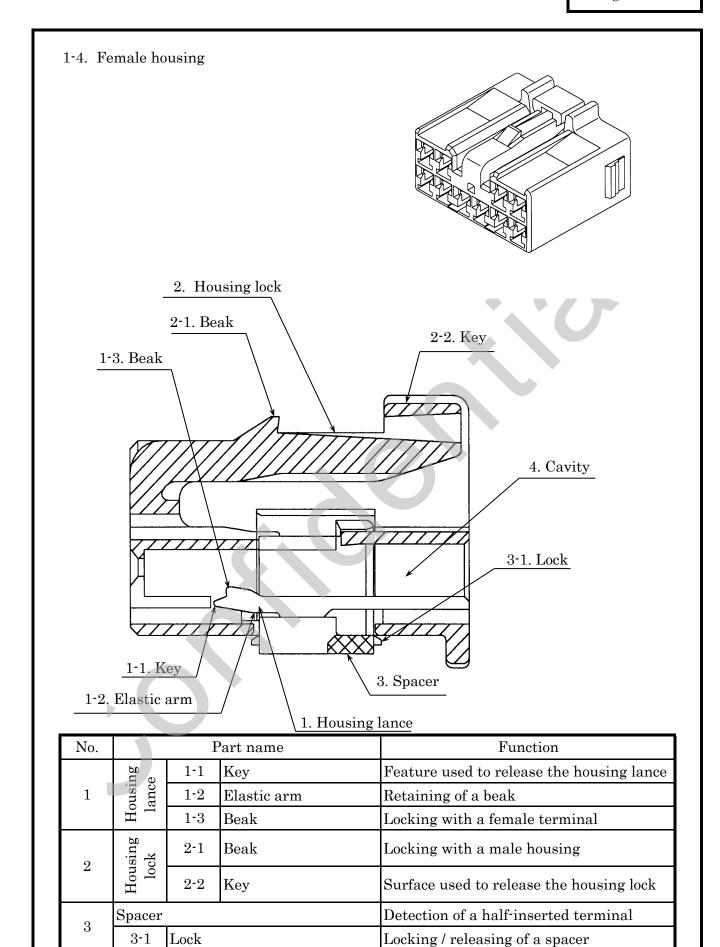
1-2. Female terminal





No.	Part name	Function
1	Spring	Contact with a male terminal
2	Hook	Locking with a female housing
3	Stabilizer	Prevent a terminal from being inserted improperly
4	Conductor grip	Crimping on a conductor
5	Insulation grip	Crimping on wire insulation





Accommodation for a terminal

4

Cavity

2. Handling of parts

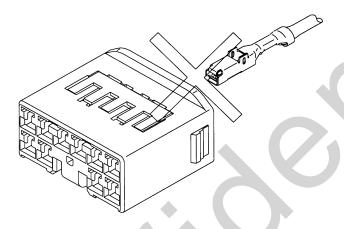
2-1. Incoming inspection

Upon receipt of the parts, inspect them for the following points:

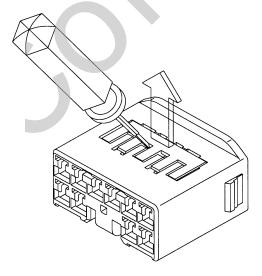
- 1) Terminal
 - Foreign object or wrong product
 - Burr, crack, deformation or flaw
- 2) Male and female housing (including spacers)
 - Foreign object or wrong product

<Note>

When the spacer is in its full-lock position, it is not possible to insert the terminal into the cavity. Please use a removal tool to move the spacer back to the pre-set position. (Refer to 6-2 and 6-3)



Terminal cannot be inserted



Use the tool to move the spacer back to the pre-set position.

Precaution:

Replace damaged and deformed parts during the operation of the spacer, such that its functioning is affected.

(Similar to M and F)

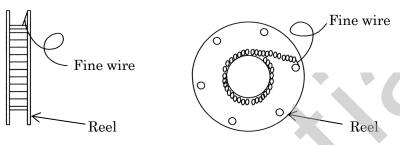
2-2. Precautions for transportation, storage and handling of parts

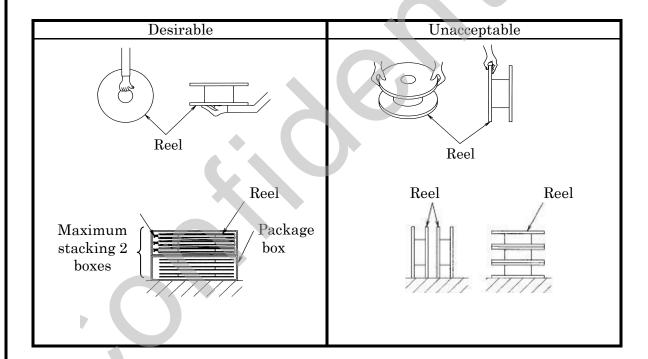
The following care should be taken in order to avoid deformation and/or damage during storage and transportation. For the optimum use environment and assembly conditions, ask our sales representative.

1) Terminal

Fasten the terminal to the reel securely with e.g. a fine wire in order to prevent the terminal from loosening in the reel.

Recommended practices for transportation / storage of terminal reels are shown below.





Transportation

- Paper-made reels should be handled with care not to be damaged.
- Place the parts in a package in order to protect parts from impact during transportation. Care should be taken not to deform or damage the parts during the packaging.
- Care should be taken to avoid any harsh impact e.g. by dropping.

Storage

- Terminal (reel) should be stored in the box in which they were shipped.

 Terminal should be protected especially from water, dust, oil and poisonous gas.

 Always use protection materials, and do not leave it without protections.
- Terminal (reel) should be stored indoors, away from direct sunlight.
- Keep the terminal away from high temperature and humidity environment.

2) Male and female housing (including spacers)

Transportation

- Place the parts in a packaging to protect them from impact during transportation. Care should be taken not to deform or damage the parts during the packing.
- Care should be taken to avoid any harsh impact e.g. by dropping.



3. Terminal-wire crimping

3-1. Terminal crimping standard

Contact our sales representative for the official crimping standard.

- <NOTE>
- Make sure to crimp in accordance with the specified crimping parameters. If they are not followed, the part may not work properly because the retention force and/or.
- The above is only applicable for the case when YAZAKI's crimping die is used.

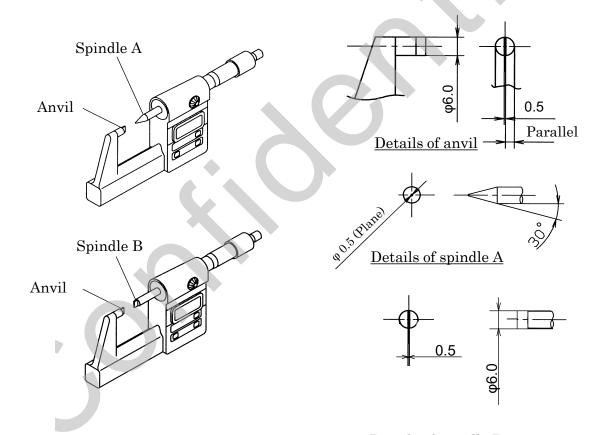
3-2. Measurement equipment and method for crimping height and width

3-2-1. Equipment

Use a micrometer to measure the dimensions.

Use the anvil and spindle type mentioned below.

Mount the micrometer in a stand during the measurement.

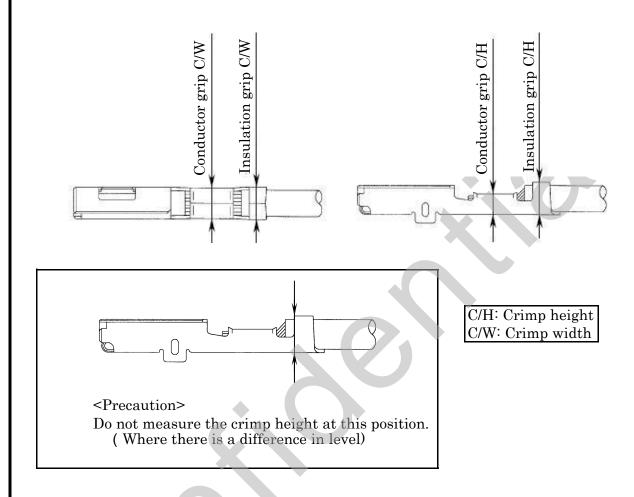


<u>Details of spindle B</u>

Measuring area	Spindle type to be used
Conductor grip crimp height	Spindle A
Conductor grip crimp width	
Insulation grip crimp height	Spindle B
Insulation grip crimp width	

3-2-2. Measurement method

Measure the dimension at the midpoint of conductor and insulation grips.



Conductor grip: Measure the dimension as shown in the illustration below using a micrometer.



Insulation grip: Measure the dimension as shown in the illustration below using a micrometer.



- 3-3. Precautions and points to be checked for crimping
 - Wires should be crimped immediately after the stripping of insulation. Storing and transportation of stripped wires should not be allowed otherwise wire strands are loosened.
 - Do not use any deformed or damaged terminal.
 - Insert terminal to a housing immediately after crimping. If it is not possible, protect the terminal with e.g. a clean plastic bag.
 - During/after crimping, check the quality of parts for the points listed in the following tables. Crimp within indicated dimensions in the table if applicable.

Parts		Check items
1. Wire	Wire strip 1) Normal 2) Diagonal cut conductor 3) Cut conductor 4) Flaw on conductor 5) Diagonal cut insulation 6) Improper insulation cut	4) Flaw on conductor 5) Diagonal cut insulation insulation cut
2. Conductor	1) Normal	2)~6) Unacceptable Symmetrical with this line
grip (Male/female)		Symmetrical with this line A SEC. A-A
, (Bellmouth	There must be bellmouth here. Part without bellmouth is not allowed.
	Exposed conductor length	0-1.0 mm
	2) Unacceptable crimping Burr and twis	

Parts			Check items
2. Conductor	2) Unaccep	table crimping	
grip	1	Conductor	Unacceptable
(Male/female)		raveling	77 }7
(1.1610.10111610)		Tarrena g	
			TD
			Do not use a terminal with conductor
			strands raveled.
		Insulation	
		crimped by	Unacceptable
		conductor	· 54
		barrel	
	1	Conductor is	
	1	exposed in	
		_	
		between crimp	
		wings	
			Unacceptable
			Do not use a terminal with conductor
			exposed in between the wings.
			exposed in between the wings.
3. Insulation	1) Normal	\	7
grip			→ (²
(Male/female)			
			Check that the end of insulation is at between
			Check that the end of insulation is at between conductor and insulation grips (in "Z").
	5	Cut off tab	
	5	Cut off tab	
	5	Cut off tab length	
	5		
	5		
	5		conductor and insulation grips (in "Z").
			conductor and insulation grips (in "Z").
		length	
	2) Unaccep	length table crimping	conductor and insulation grips (in "Z").
	2) Unaccep	length table crimping Insulation	conductor and insulation grips (in "Z"). 0 - 0.3mm
	2) Unaccep	length table crimping	conductor and insulation grips (in "Z").
	2) Unaccep	length table crimping Insulation	conductor and insulation grips (in "Z"). 0 - 0.3mm
	2) Unaccep	length table crimping Insulation	conductor and insulation grips (in "Z"). 0 - 0.3mm
	2) Unaccep	length table crimping Insulation	conductor and insulation grips (in "Z"). 0 - 0.3mm
	2) Unaccep	length table crimping Insulation	conductor and insulation grips (in "Z"). 0 - 0.3mm

Parts		Check items
4. Terminal	1) Bend-up	CHOCK ITCHIS
deformation	1) Bella up	
		Max. 3°
by crimping		
(Male/female)		
		Max. 3°
	2) Bend-down	
		Max. 3°
		Max. 3°
		,
	3) Step on conductor grip	
		Unacceptable
	4) Twist	
	1) 1 (1150	
		Twisting which can be seen with naked
		eyes is not allowed.
		leyes is not allowed.
		Meriation which are the area with a class
		Twisting which can be seen with naked
		eyes is not allowed.
	r) m:1 1 c	
	5) Terminal deformation	Unaccentable
	due to failure in feeding of	Unacceptable
	terminal	

Parts		Check items
4. Terminal deformation by crimping (Female)	6) Box deformation	Acceptable Unacceptable
(Male)	7) Tab deformation	Do not use parts with any deformation in C. Measure dimension "c" before/after crimping to check that there is no dimensional change.
		Do not use parts with deformation in D. d Measure dimension "d" before/after crimping to check that there is no dimensional change.

4. Handling of terminated wires

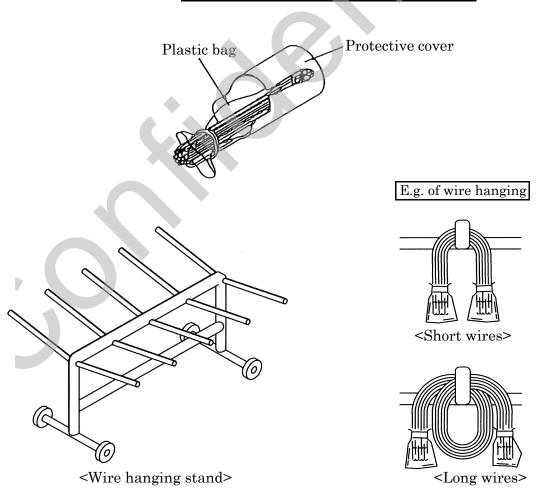
Insert terminated wires to the housing immediately after crimping.

The following care should be taken in handling of terminated wires so as not to deform or damage them during storage or transportation.

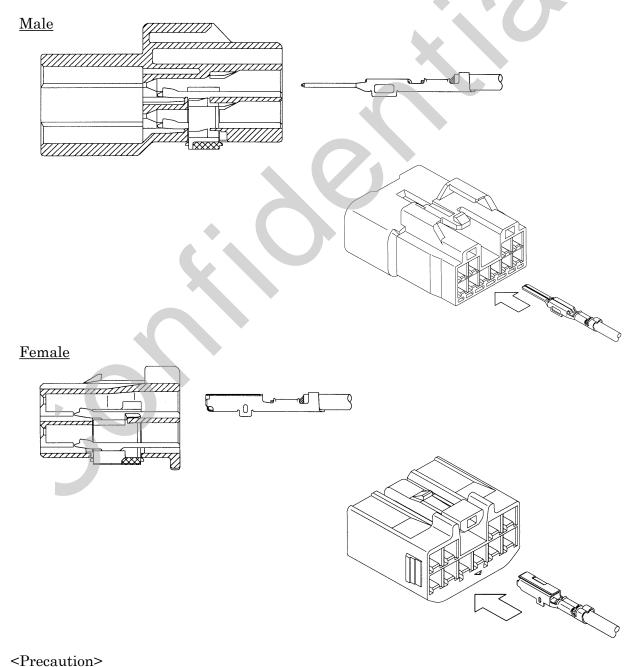
- Terminated wires should be bundled together with e.g. a rubber band. The number of wires each other or deformation and/or damage may occur due to the weight of their own. Do not tap the wire ends when bundling.
- Terminated wires should be covered with a plastic bag to protect them from dust.

 Do not take the plastic bag or a protective cover off from the terminated wires until just before use.
- A wire hanging stand or a container with lid should be used for transportation. Do not stack the terminated wires.
- Care should be taken for the wire ends not to touch the floor when hanging them on the stand.
- Do not throw terminated wires during transportation.

Example of protection of terminated wires



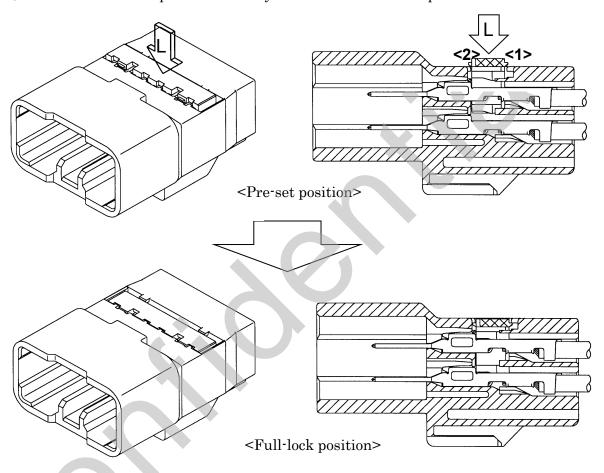
- 5. Insertion of terminal and attachment of spacer to housing
- 5-1. Male/female terminal insertion to housing
 - 1) Confirm that the spacer is in the pre-set position before inserting the terminal. If it is not in the pre-set position, move it back to the pre-set position. (Refer to 6-3 and 6-4)
 - 2) Check that the terminal is free of deformation or damage.
 - 3) Terminal into the housing. An audible 'clicking' sound indicates that the terminal is fully seated and locked in the cavity.
 - 4) Pull the wire lightly to confirm that the terminal is properly locked up in the cavity.



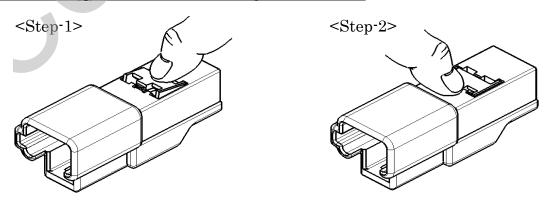
- Replace any deformed or damaged parts with new ones.

5-2. Attachment of male spacer (Insertion into full-lock position)

- 1) After inserting terminal, push the spacer in the direction 'L' to insert it into the full-lock position. For the connector having 2 terminal rows, push it horizontally, or push to insert the side <1> first and then <2> in order to prevent the locking feature from being deformed. For the connector having 1 terminal row, always push to insert the side <Step-1> first and then <Step-2>.
- 2) Confirm that the spacer is securely locked in the full-lock position.

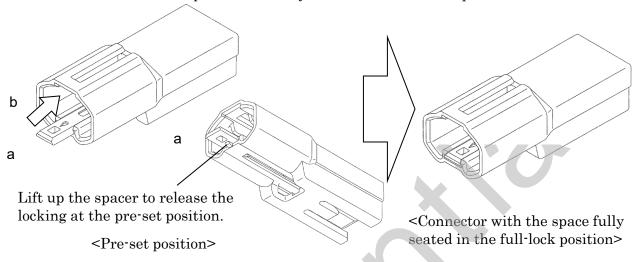


Insertion of spacer on connector having 1 terminal row



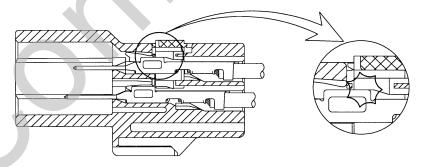
Attachment of male spacer: 7282-4424 (Insertion into full-lock position)

- 1) After inserting terminal, lifting up the spacer in the direction 'a' push it in the direction 'b' to move it to the full-lock position.
- 2) Confirm that the spacer is securely locked in the full-lock position.



<Pre><Pre>cautions>

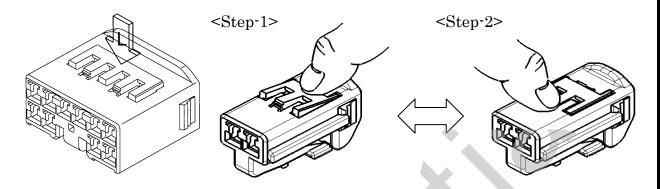
- Care should be taken not to deform the parts.
 Replace the spacer in case it is damaged and deformed such that its functioning is affected.
- Spacer cannot be inserted in the full-lock position if the connector is in the conditions below:
 - * Terminal is not completely inserted in the cavity. (Terminal incomplete insertion)
 - * Terminal is inserted in a wrong orientation. (Terminal wrong insertion) In these conditions, if the spacer was forcibly inserted, replace the parts with new ones.



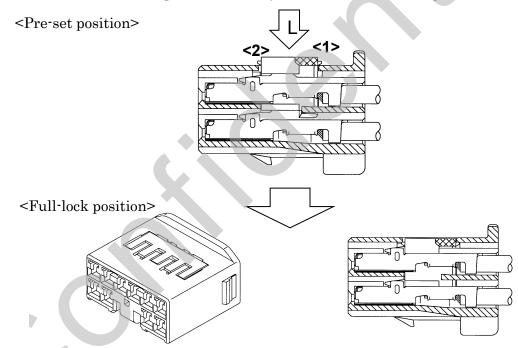
Terminal incomplete insertion

5-3. Attachment of female spacer (Insertion into full-lock position)

1) After inserting the terminal, move the spacer in the direction of the arrow L to seat it at the full set position. For attachment of the spacer, it must be done in the horizontal direction, in the order of <Step-1> → <Step-2> or <Step-2> → <Step-1>. Make sure not to deform the spacer's locking feature during the operation.



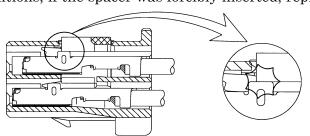
2) Confirm that the spacer is securely locked in the full-lock position.



<Pre><Pre>cautions>

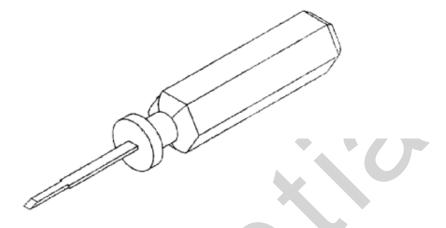
- Care should be taken not to deform the parts.
- Replace the spacer in case it is damaged and deformed such that its functioning is affected.
- Spacer cannot be inserted in the full-lock position when:
 - * Terminal is not completely inserted in the cavity. (Terminal incomplete insertion)
 - * Terminal is inserted in a wrong orientation. (Terminal wrong insertion)

In these conditions, if the spacer was forcibly inserted, replace the parts with new ones.



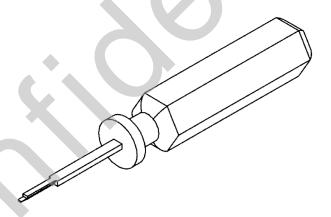
Terminal incomplete insertion

- 6. Removal of terminal and spacer
- 6-1. Spacer and terminal removal tool Use a designated tool shown below.
 - •Terminal removal tool

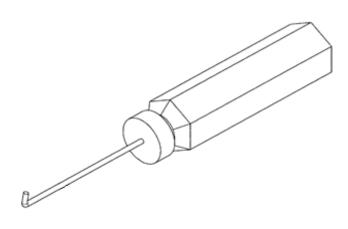


No.49YA000056(1-15)

·Spacer removal tool



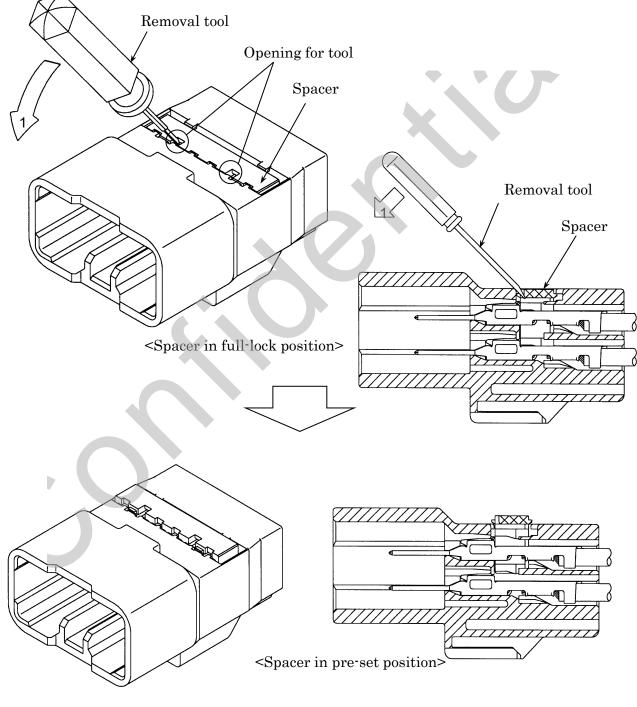
No.49YA000078 (1-08)



No.49YA000064(ZF) (for 7282-4424)

6-2. Release of male spacer from full-lock position

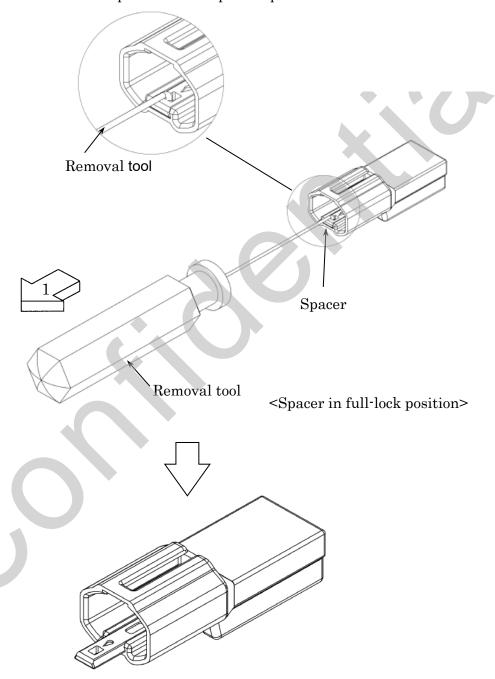
- 1) As shown below, insert the tool (refer to 6-1) in the opening for the spacer.
- 2) Tilt the tool in the direction of '1' lightly so that the spacer is removed to the pre-set position. Do not tilt the tool more than necessary otherwise the pre-set locking features will be damaged.
- 3) Confirm that the spacer is in the pre-set position.



<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- Care should be taken not to deform the parts. Replace the spacer in case it is damaged and deformed such that its functioning is affected. Release of female spacer from full-lock position (7282-4424)

- 1) As shown below, insert the tool (refer to 6-1) in the opening for the tool.
- 2) Tilt the tool in the direction of '1' lightly so that the spacer is removed to the pre-set position. Do not tilt the tool more than necessary otherwise the pre-set locking features will be damaged.
- 3) Confirm that the spacer is in the pre-set position.



<Pre><Pre>cautions>

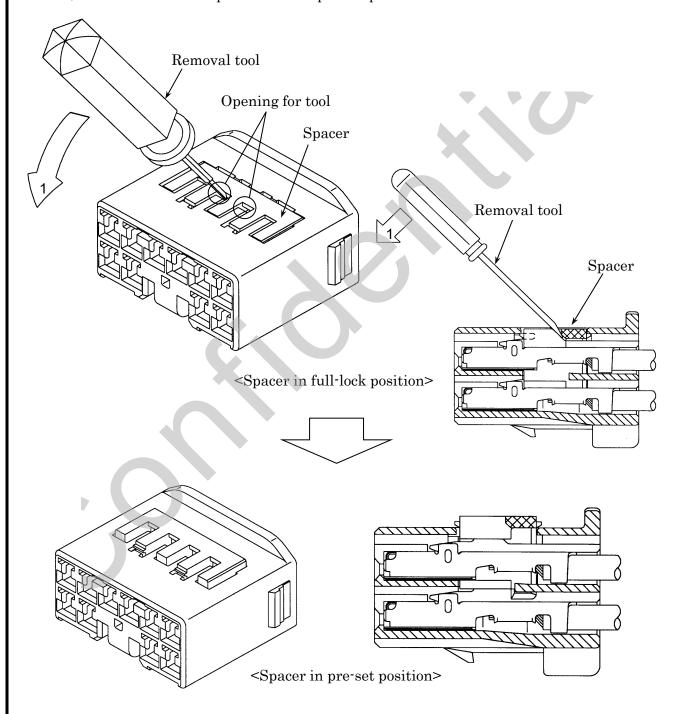
- Care should be taken not to deform the parts.

Replace the spacer in case it is damaged and deformed such that its functioning is affected.

<Spacer in pre-set position>

6-3. Release of female spacer from full-lock position

- 1) As shown below, insert the tool (refer to 6-1) in the opening for the spacer.
- 2) Tilt the tool in the direction of '1' lightly so that the spacer is removed to the pre-set position. Do not tilt the tool more than necessary otherwise the pre-set locking features will be damaged.
- 3) Confirm that the spacer is in the pre-set position.



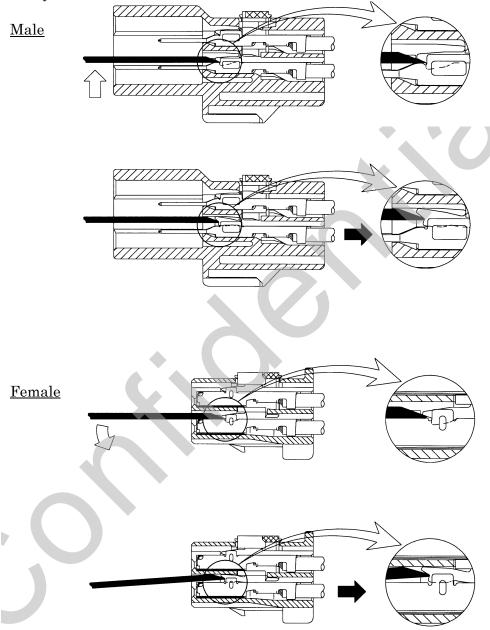
<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- Care should be taken not to deform the parts.

Replace the spacer in case it is damaged and deformed such that its functioning is affected.

6-4. Removal of male/female terminal

- 1) Insert the removal tool (refer to 6-1) straight in the space between the housing lance key and the terminal as the illustration below to release the lance lock.
- 2) Pull the wire gently in the direction of the black arrow to remove the terminal from cavity.



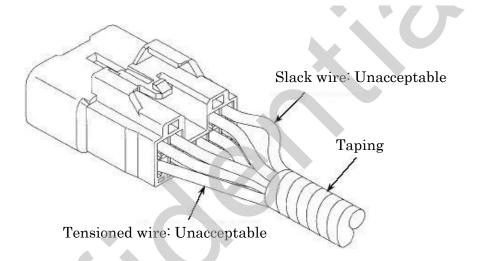
<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- Terminal removal operation should be done by a fully trained operator who can follow the instructions provided in this manual.
 - An untrained or inexperienced operator may cause the terminal or connector damage.
- When the terminal cannot be removed easily, repeat the above operation for the terminal removal from the beginning.
- Insert the removal tool straight, and do not push too much in order to prevent the lance from being damaged.
- Care shall be taken not to deform or damage the components. Replace any damaged or deformed parts with new ones.

7. Assembly of wiring harness

7-1. Precautions for assembly of wiring harness

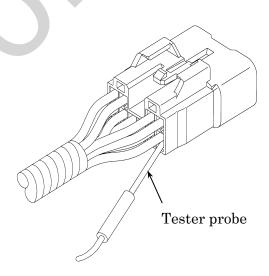
- 1) If ultrasonic wave is used to make connections, confirm that the surrounding parts will not receive any negative effects from the processing.
- 2) Apply tape in such a manner that every individual wire is subjected to an equal amount of tensile force. Concentration of tensile force on a particular wire may cause harmful effects such as inadvertent coming off of a terminal.
- Do not deform component parts.
 Replace any deformed parts with new ones.



7-2. Precautions for continuity inspection

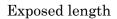
If a tester probe is used for electric continuity or voltage check, make sure to insert it from the wire side as shown below.

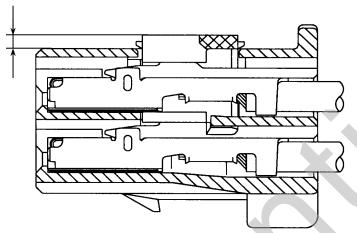
If it is not possible, use the same type of connector instead to check the continuity / voltage.



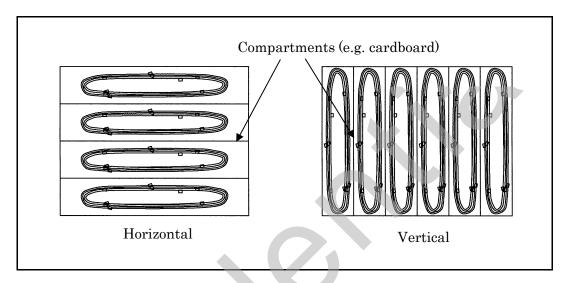
7-3. Detection of terminal incomplete insertion

Use a fixture to determine the exposed length of the spacer (see below) in order to check for a half-inserted terminal. Do not rely on the visual examination.

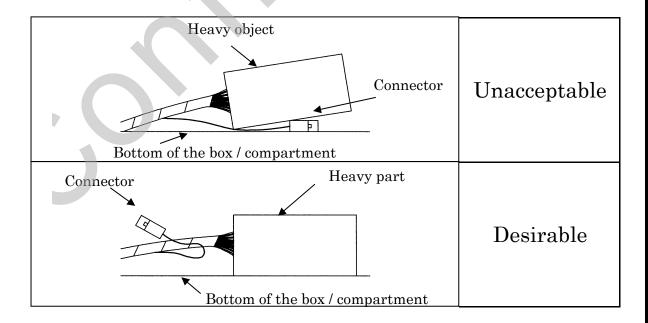




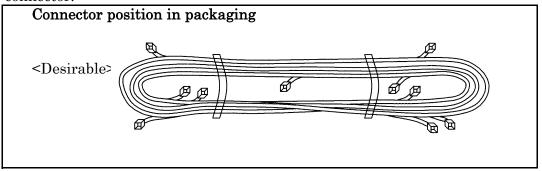
- 8. Precautions for packaging of wiring harness
 - As with many plastic parts, a connector can be deformed or damaged if external force is applied to the connector during transportation or storage. To prevent deformation or damage, take the following cares.
 - 1) When packing the wiring harness in layers, the load of each wiring harness may deform or damage connector. Use cardboard compartment (horizontally & vertically) and internal supports as shown below, to distribute weights equally to prevent connector from being deformed or damaged.



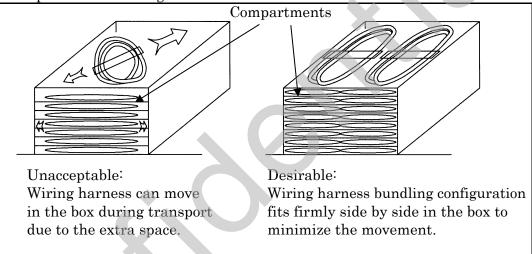
2) Any heavy or bulky items such as a junction block, relay box, protector and bracket must be placed on the bottom of the compartment to prevent weight of such items from being applied to the connector as shown below.



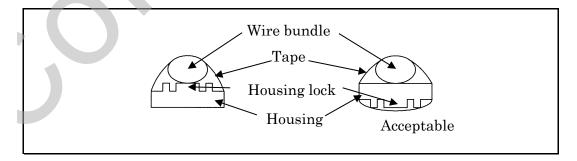
3) The connector must be positioned outside or in the center of the wiring harness bundle to prevent the weight of the wiring harness from being applied to the connector.



4) Wiring harness bundle size must fit the box to prevent it from moving during transportation or storage.



5) If the connector housing is taped on the wiring harness bundle, assure that the housing lock and/or other flexible members of connector are positioned away from the wiring harness bundle.

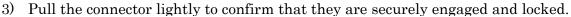


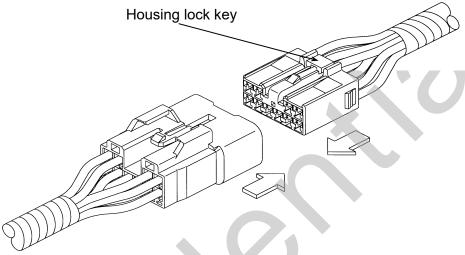
- 6) Extra care must be taken when to take out the wiring harnesses from the box because they may have been entangled with each other in the box.
- 7) After transportation or storage, connector must be checked to confirm that they are free of deformation or damage.

9. Connector mating/unmating

9-1. Connector mating

- 1) Confirm that the spacer is locked in the full-lock position.
- 2) Mate the connector in the directions shown below until the clicking sound is heard.



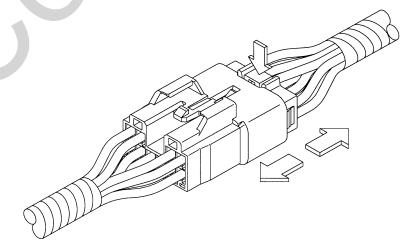


<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- Do not mate connector with angle.
- Do not mate connector while pushing the housing lock key.

9-2. Connector unmating

- 1) Press the housing lock key to release the lock.
- 2) While pressing down the housing lock key, pull the connector halves in the direction of arrows as shown below to unmate them.

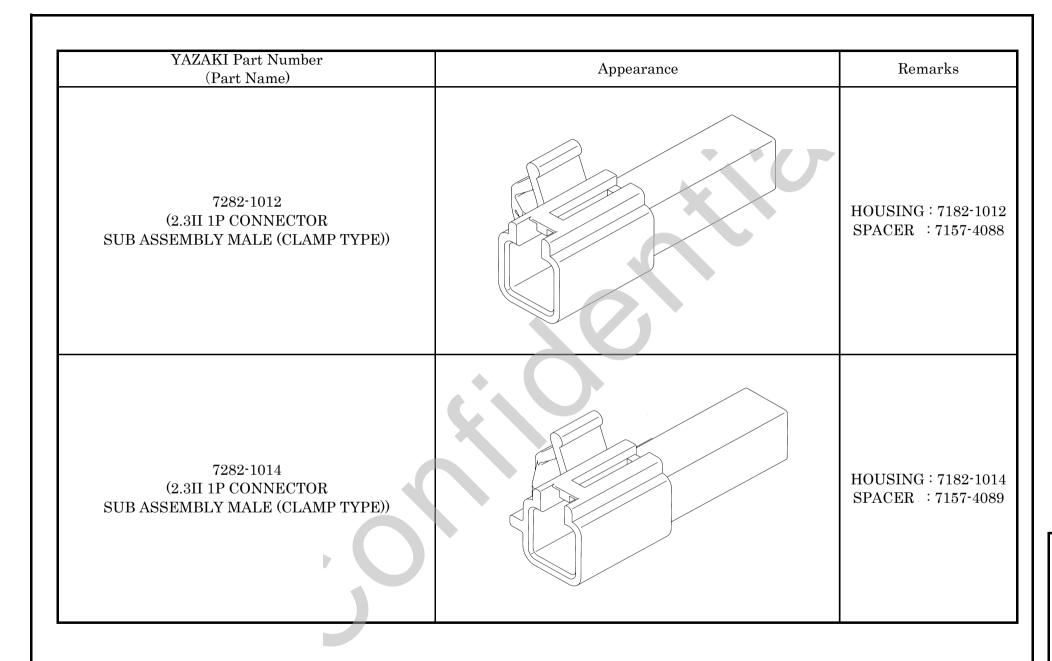


<Precaution>

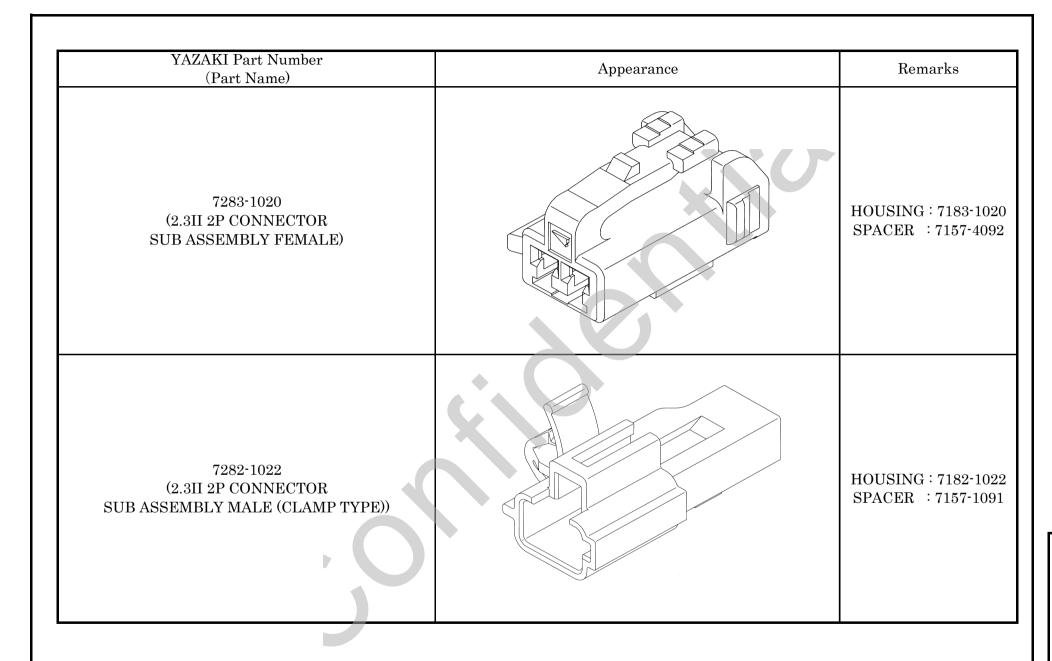
- Do not pull the wires to unmate the connector.

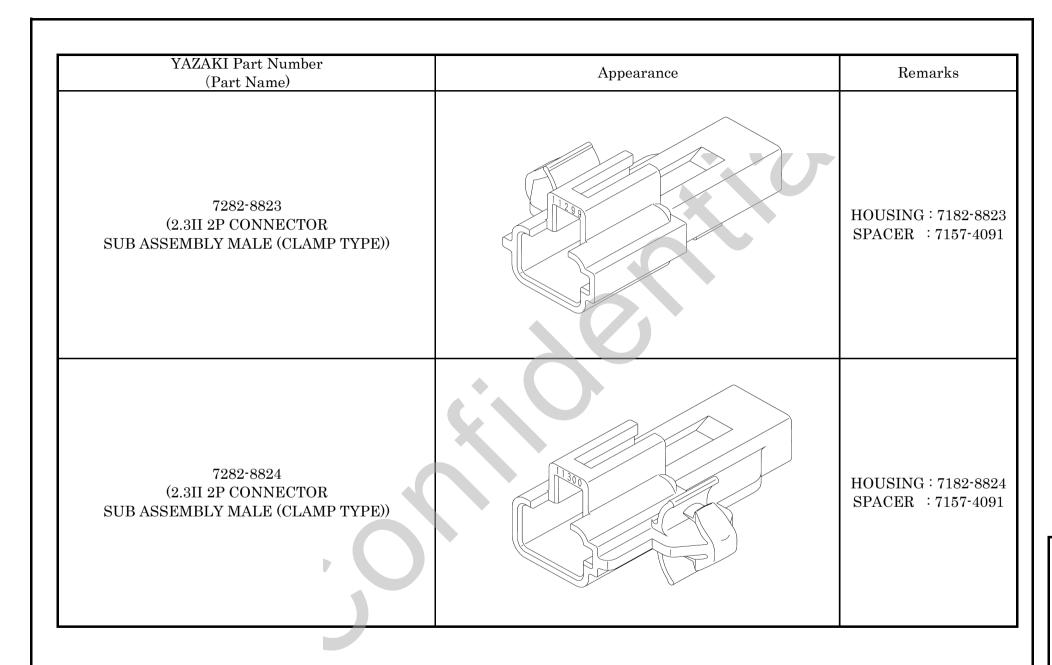
YAZAKI P/N	YAZAKI Part Name	Appearance	Applicable wire size	Plating
7114-4020	2.3II TERMINAL MALE		AVSS 0.3 ~ AVS 0.5	
7114-4021	\downarrow		AVS 0.5 ~ AVS 1.25	MINI DI AMINIO
7114-4022	\downarrow		AVSS 2.0	TIN PLATING
7114-1447	\downarrow		AVS 0.5 ~ AVS 1.25	
7114-4020-08	\downarrow		CAVS 0.3 ~ CAVS 0.5	
7114-4052-08	\downarrow		AVSS 0.3 ~ AVS 0.5	GOLD PLATING
7114-4053-08	\downarrow		AVS 0.5 ~ AVS 1.25	
7116-4020	2.3II TERMINAL FEMALE		AVSS 0.3 ~ AVS 0.5	
7116-4021	\downarrow		AVS 0.5 ~ AVS 1.25	
7116-4022	\downarrow		AVSS 2.0	
7116-1460	\downarrow		AVS 0.5 ~ AVS 1.25	
7116-4624-02	\downarrow		CHFUS $0.22 \sim \text{HFSS } 0.35$	
7116-4626-02	\downarrow		CHFS1.5 ~ AVSS 2.0	TIN PLATING
7116-5041-02	2.3II TERMINAL FEMALE (LOW INSERTION FORCE TYPE)		AVSS 0.3 ~ AVS 0.5	
7116-5042-02	\		AVS 0.5 ~ AVS 1.25	
7116-5043-02	\downarrow		AVSS 2.0	
7116-5035-02	1		CHFUS 0.22 ~ HFSS 0.35	
7116-5036-02	1		CHFS1.5 ~ AVSS 2.0	
7116-4020-08	2.3II TERMINAL FEMALE		CAVS 0.3 ~ CAVS 0.5	
7116-4052-08	2.3II TERMINAL FEMALE		AVSS 0.3 ~ AVS 0.5	GOLD PLATING
7116-4053-08	2.3II TERMINAL FEMALE		AVS 0.5 ~ AVS 1.25	
7116-5098-02	2.3II TERMINAL FEMALE (LOW INSERTION FORCE TYPE)		CHFUS 0.13	TIN PLATING

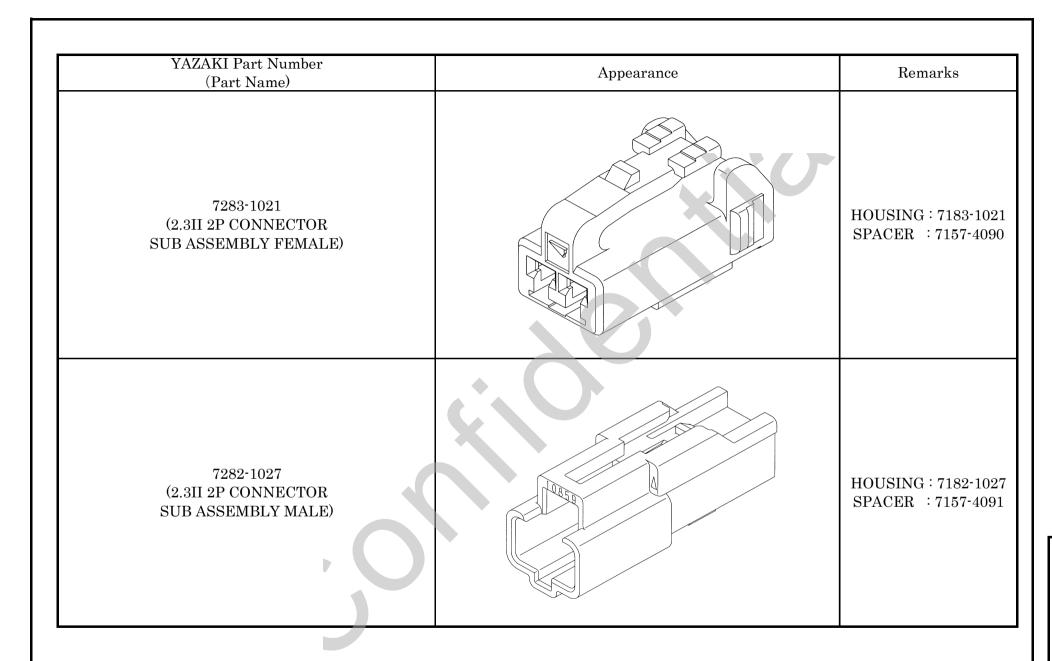
YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-1010 (2.3II 1P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1010 SPACER: 7157-4088
7283-1010 (2.3II 1P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1010 SPACER: 7157-4089



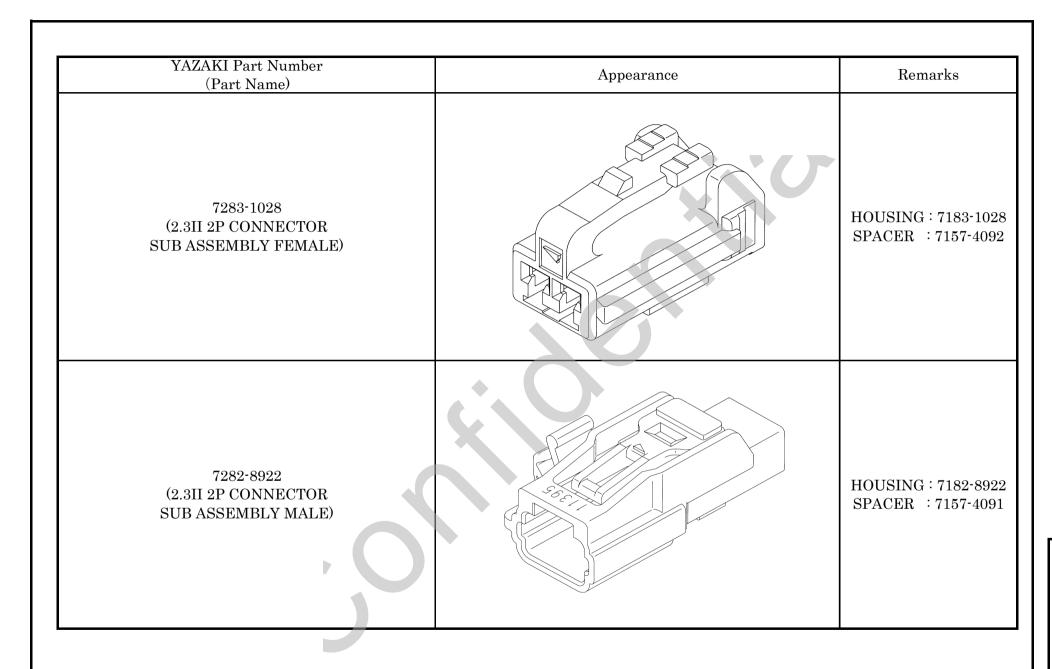
YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1011 (2.3II 1P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1011 SPACER: 7157-4089
7282-1020 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1020 SPACER: 7157-4091







YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1027 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1027 SPACER: 7157-4092
7282-1028 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1028 SPACER: 7157-4091

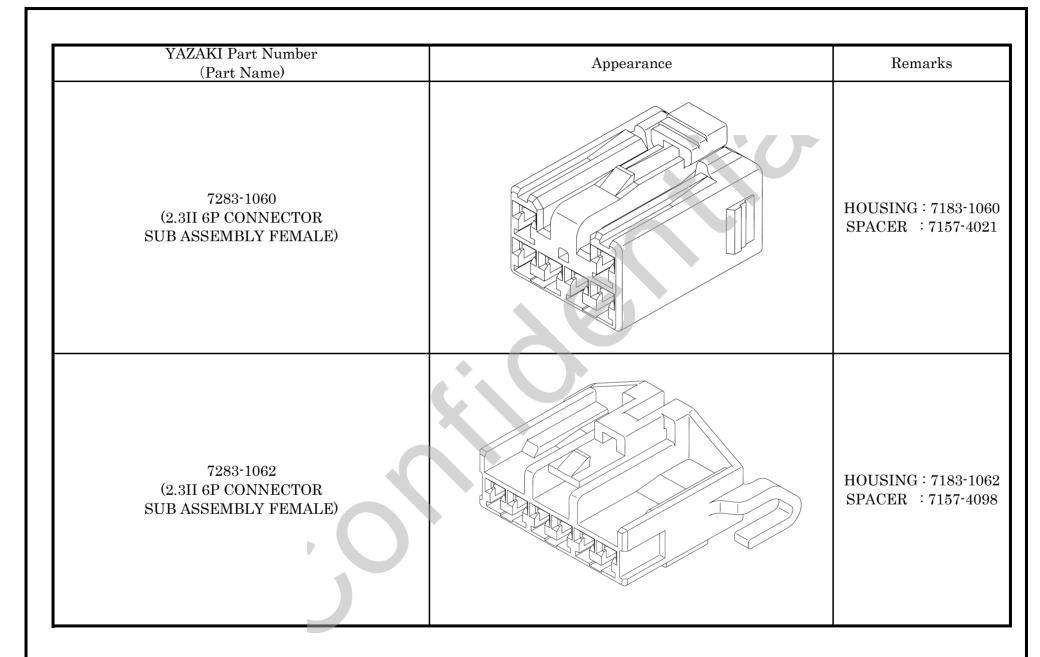


YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-8922 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-8922 SPACER: 7157-4092
7282-1030 (2.3II 3P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1030 SPACER: 7157-4095

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1030 (2.3II 3P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1030 SPACER: 7157-4096
7283-1132 (2.3II 3P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1132 SPACER: 7157-4351

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-1138 (2.3II 3P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1138 SPACER: 7157-4095
7283-1138 (2.3II 3P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1138 SPACER: 7157-4096

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1046 (2.3II 4P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1046 SPACER: 7157-4366
7282-1060 (2.3II 6P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1060 SPACER: 7157-4020



YAZAKI Part N		Appearance	Remarks
7282-106 (2.3II 6P CONN SUB ASSEMBLY	ECTOR		HOUSING: 7182-1068 SPACER: 7157-4341
7283-106 (2.3II 6P CONN SUB ASSEMBLY	TECTOR		HOUSING: 7183-1068 SPACER: 7157-4342

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1265 (2.3II 6P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1265 SPACER: 7157-4021
7282-1080 (2.3II 8P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1080 SPACER: 7157-4022

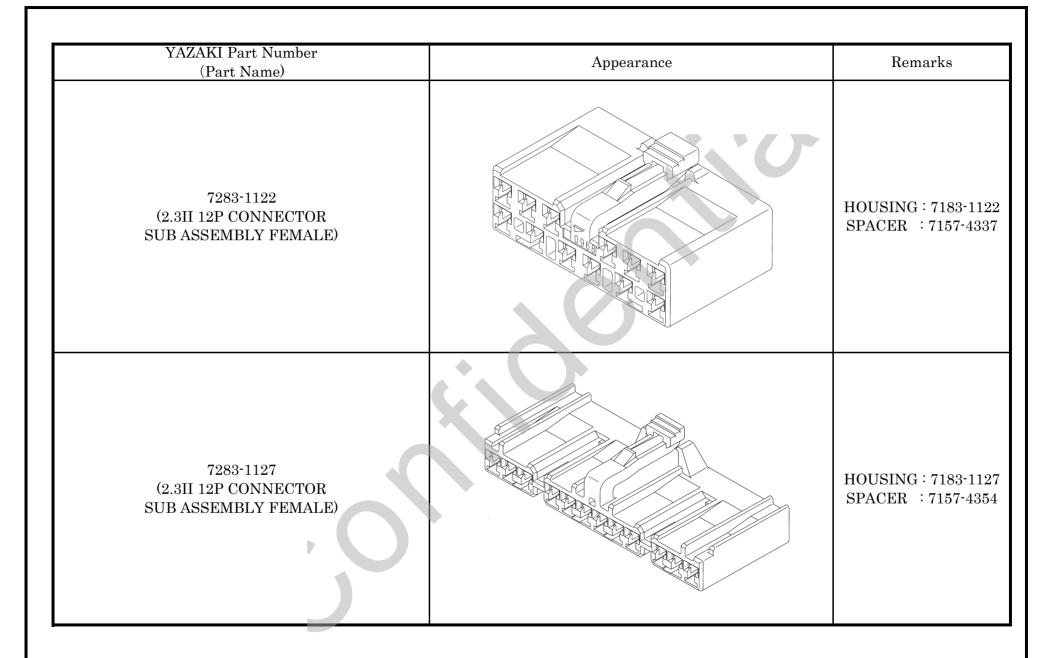
YA	AZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
	7283-1080 3II 8P CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1080 SPACER: 7157-4023
	7282-1284 3II 8P CONNECTOR B ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1284 SPACER: 7157-4030

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1284 (2.3II 8P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1284 SPACER: 7157-4031
7282-1100 (2.3II 10P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1100 SPACER: 7157-4024

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1100 (2.3II 10P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1100 SPACER: 7157-4025
7283-1101 (2.3II 10P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1101 SPACER: 7157-4334

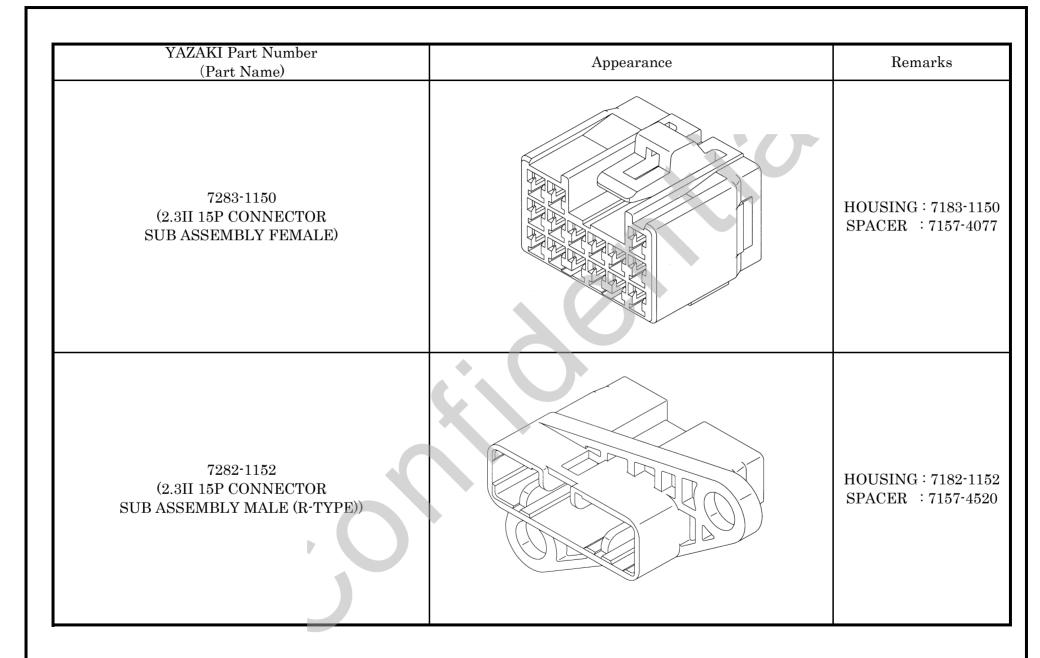
YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-1110 (2.3II 11P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1110 SPACER: 7157-4074
7283-1110 (2.3II 11P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1110 SPACER: 7157-4075

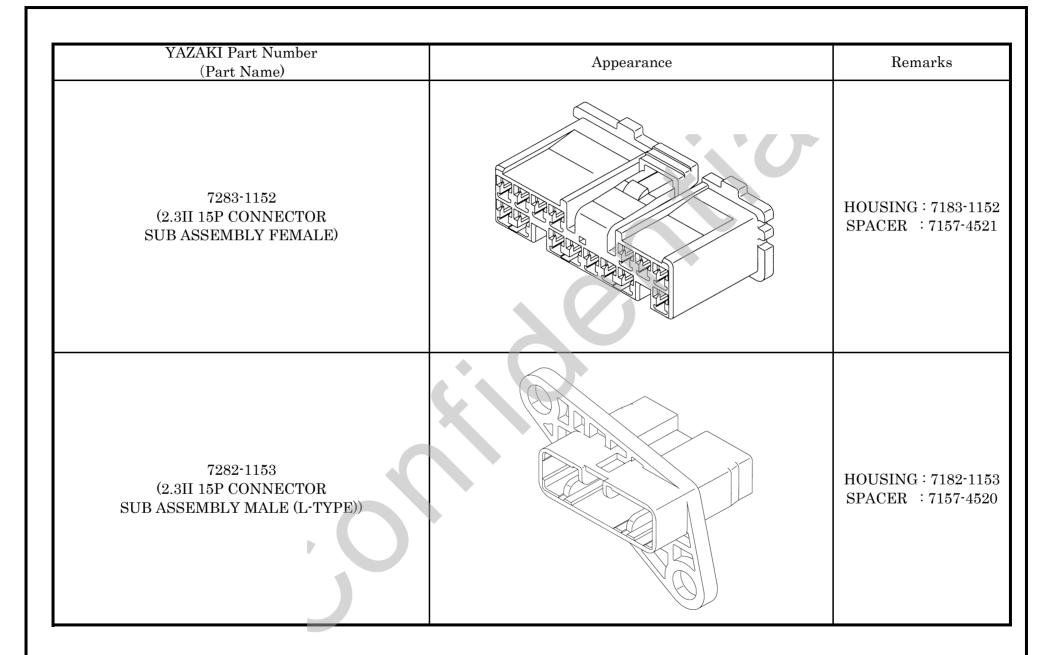
YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-1111 (2.3II 11P CONNECTO SUB ASSEMBLY FEMAI		HOUSING: 7183-1111 SPACER: 7157-4335
7283-1121 (2.3II 12P CONNECTO SUB ASSEMBLY FEMAI		HOUSING: 7183-1121 SPACER: 7157-4336



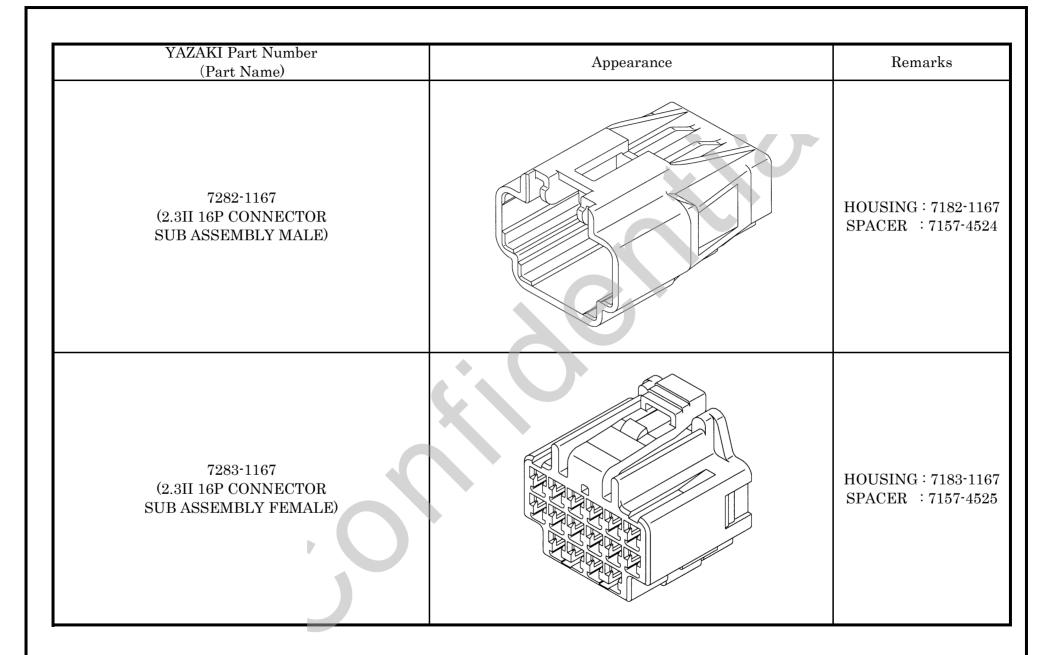
YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-1130 (2.3II 13P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1130 SPACER: 7157-4028
7283-1130 (2.3II 13P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1130 SPACER: 7157-4029

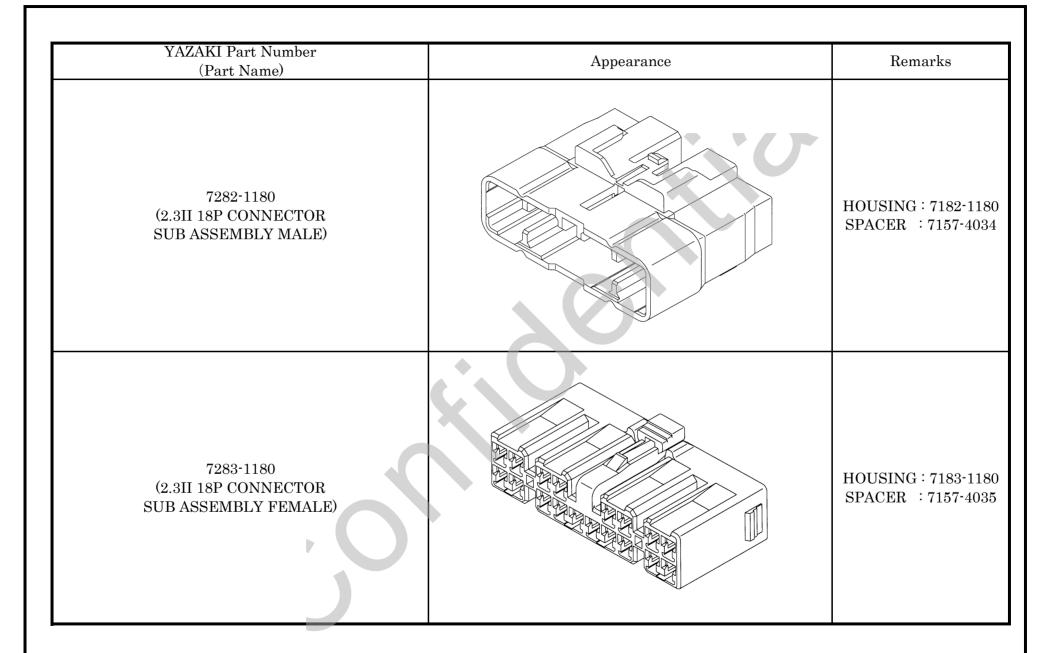
YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-1530 (2.3II 13P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1530 SPACER: 7157-4028
7282-1150 (2.3II 15P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1150 SPACER: 7157-4076

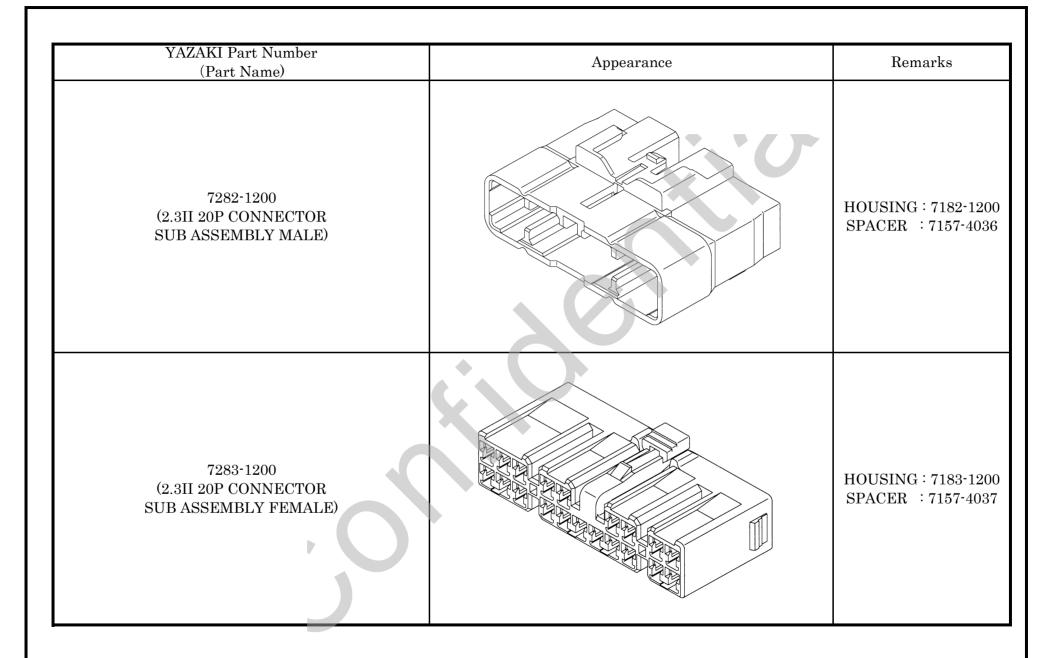


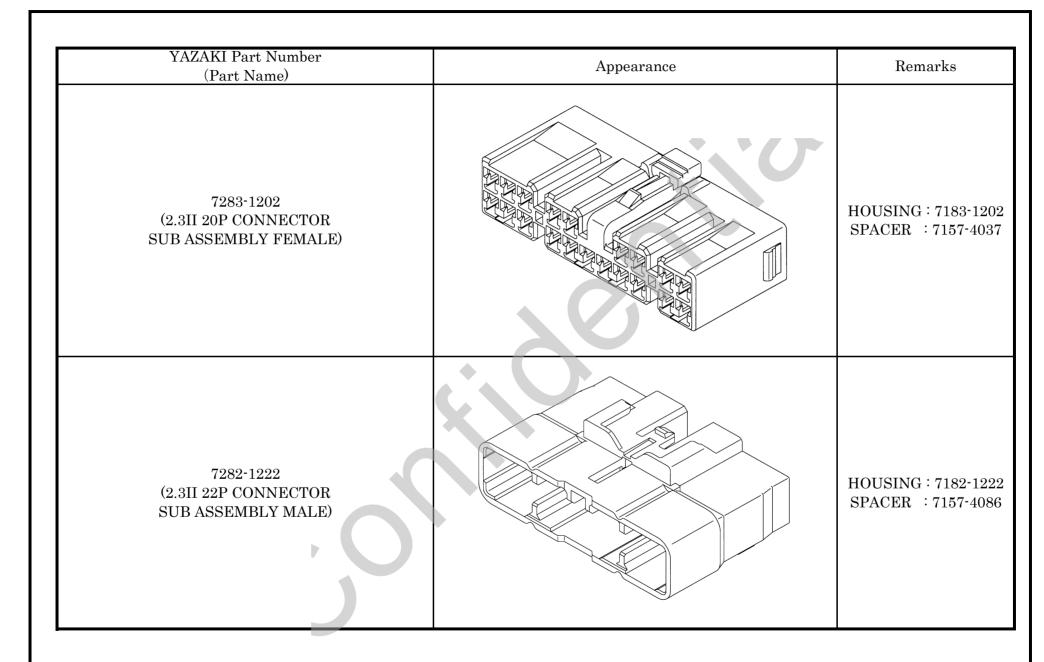


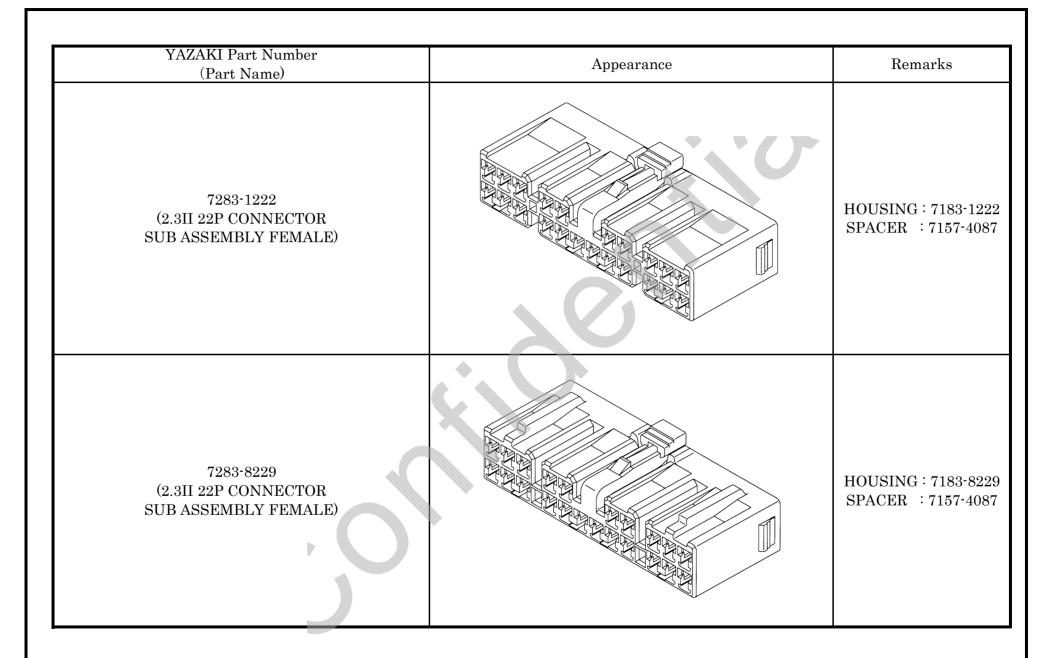
YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-1160 (2.3II 16P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-1160 SPACER: 7157-4032
7283-1160 (2.3II 16P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-1160 SPACER: 7157-4033

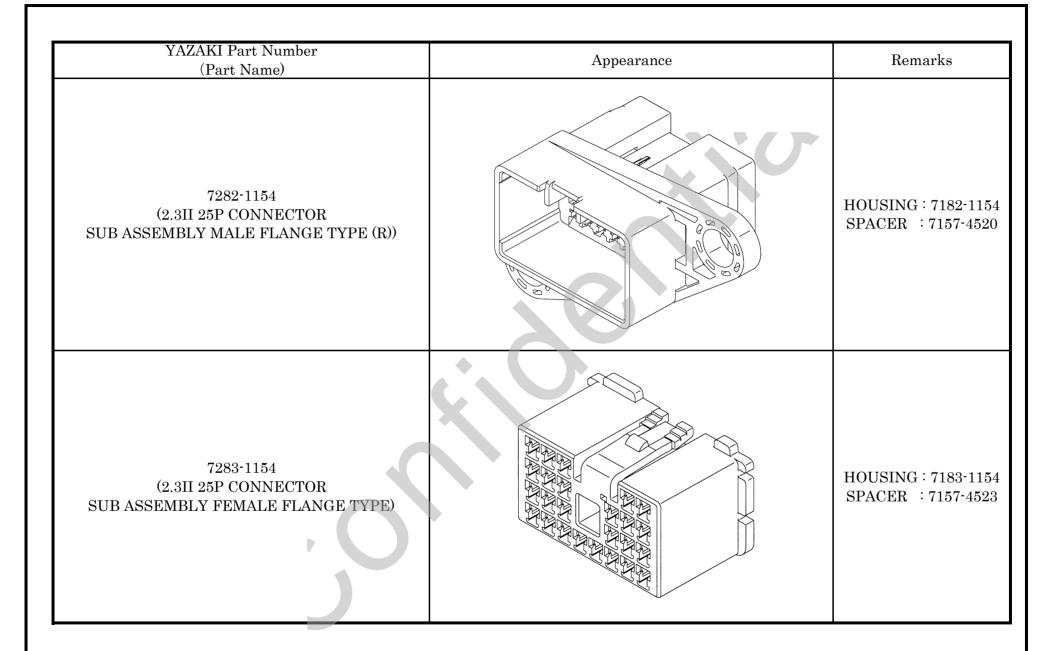












YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-1155 (2.3II 25P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE FLANGE TYPE (L))		HOUSING: 7182-1155 SPACER: 7157-4522
7282-5012 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-5012 SPACER: 7157-6500

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-5012 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-5012 SPACER: 7157-6501
7282-5013 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-5013 SPACER: 7157-6500

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-5013 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-5013 SPACER: 7157-6501
7282-5014 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY MALE)		HOUSING: 7182-5014 SPACER: 7157-6500

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7283-5014 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR SUB ASSEMBLY FEMALE)		HOUSING: 7183-5014 SPACER: 7157-6501

YAZAKI Part Number (Part Name)	Appearance	Remarks
7282-4424 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR HOUSING MALE SUB ASSEMBLY)		HOUSING: 7182-4424 SPACER: 7158-4930
7283-8123 (2.3II 2P CONNECTOR HOUSING FEMALE SUB ASSEMBLY)		HOUSING: 7183-8123 SPACER: 7158-4013